



Selected Topics on Hadronic B Decays from BaBar

Kazuhito Suzuki (SLAC)
for The BaBar Collaboration

Outline

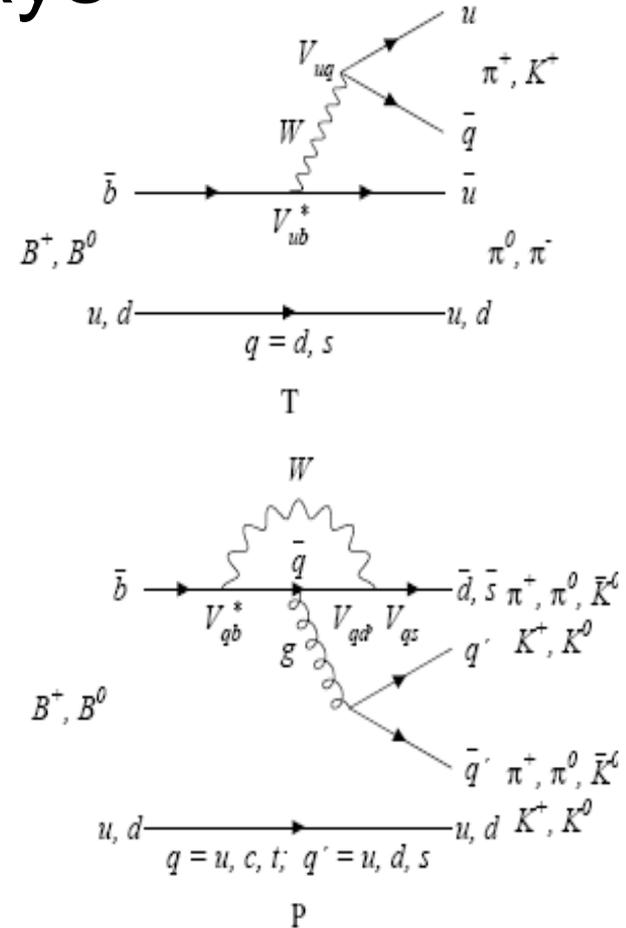
- The talk will focus on charmless hadronic B decays.
 - Topics to be presented are mainly time-integrated analyses (BF and A_{CP}) of the following modes.
 - $B \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^+$
 - $B \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0$
 - $B^0 \rightarrow PP$ with $\eta^{(\prime)}$
 - $B \rightarrow PV$ with isoscalar mesons
 - $B^0 \rightarrow AP$ with b_1
 - Following topics can be found in other talks.
 - $B \rightarrow VV, VA, VT \Rightarrow$ See Gao's talk
 - Time-dependent CP analyses \Rightarrow See Martinez-Vidal's talk

Charmless hadronic B decays

- Dominated by “Tree” and/or “Penguin” diagrams.
 - Tree (T): CKM-suppressed $b \rightarrow u$ transition
 - Penguin (P): One-loop $b \rightarrow s, d$ gluonic transitions
- Tree-Penguin Interference can cause direct CP asymmetry (A_{CP}).

$$A_{CP} = \frac{2|A_T/A_P| \sin \delta \sin \gamma}{1 + 2|A_T/A_P| \cos \delta \cos \gamma + |A_T/A_P|^2}$$

- Information on CKM angle $\gamma = \arg(V_{ub})$ may be accessible.
- Absence of CKM-favored $b \rightarrow c$ transition makes possible to access rare decay processes.
 - Good place to test Standard Model (SM) precisely.
 - Disagreements between measurements and predictions, “puzzles”, could indicate new physics (NP).
 - Searching for and resolving “puzzles” is an important issue.



Typical analysis procedure

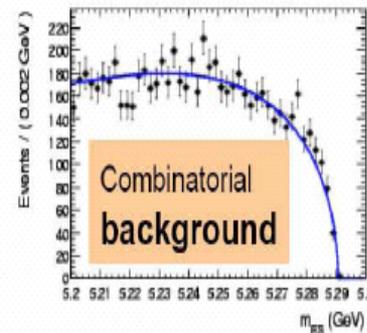
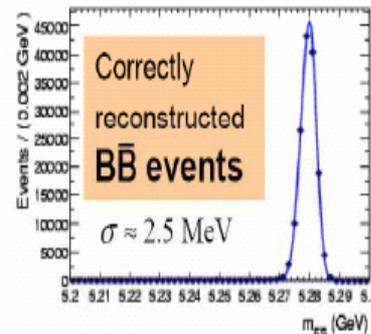
- Select B candidates based on m_{ES} and ΔE
- Discriminate $e^+e^- \rightarrow qq$ ($q = u, d, s, c$) continuum bkg. based on event topology.
- Extract the information by applying maximum-likelihood fit utilizing
 - m_{ES} , ΔE and/or resonance mass
 - event topology
 - angular correlation
 - Dalitz plot variables

B Meson Reconstruction

Exploit kinematics of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}$ for signal selection

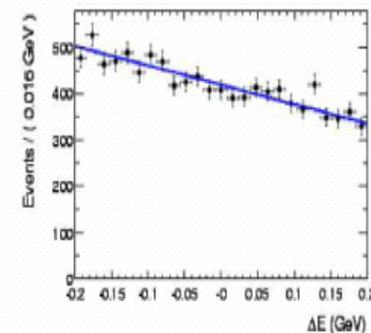
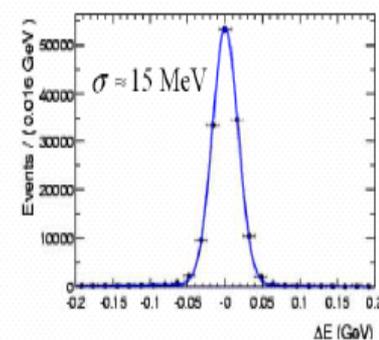
Beam-energy substituted mass

$$m_{ES} = \sqrt{E_{beam}^{*2} - p_B^{*2}}$$



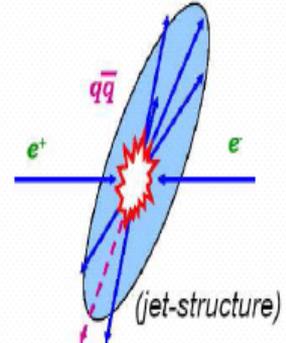
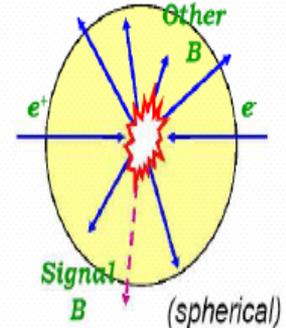
Energy difference

$$\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{beam}^*$$



Event topology

(multivariate methods)



Puzzles in charmless hadronic B decays

- $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle

$\Delta A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K\pi)$ puzzle

$$\Delta \mathcal{A}_{CP}(K\pi) \equiv \mathcal{A}_{CP}(K^+\pi^0) - \mathcal{A}_{CP}(K^+\pi^-) \neq 0$$

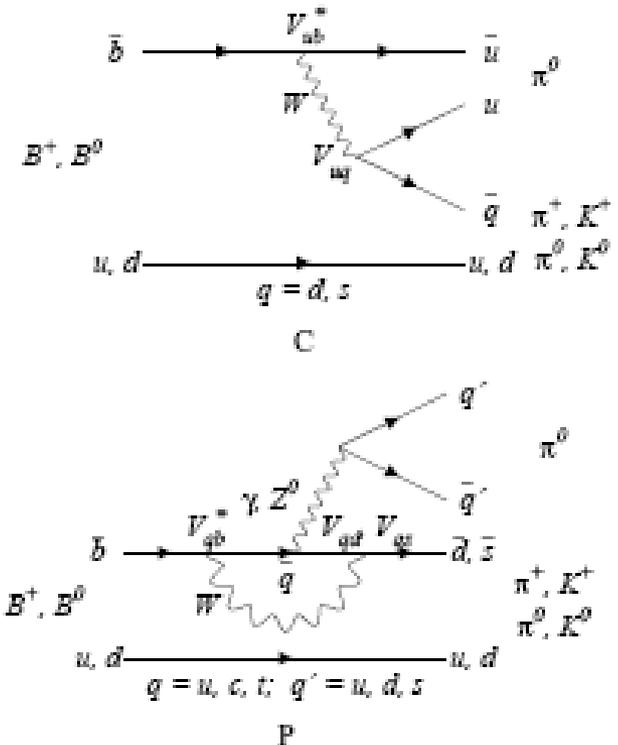
$$= +0.164 \pm 0.037 \quad (\sim 4.4\sigma \text{ from [2]})$$

$$= +0.147 \pm 0.028 \quad (\sim 5.3\sigma \text{ using HFAG})$$

Mode	BaBar [1]	Belle [2]	HFAG
$K^+\pi^-$	$-0.107 \pm 0.018 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.007 \\ -0.004 \end{smallmatrix}$	$-0.094 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$	-0.097 ± 0.012
$K^+\pi^0$	$+0.030 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.010$	$+0.07 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	$+0.050 \pm 0.025$

[1] PRL 99, 021603 (2007); PRD 76, 091102 (2007)
 [2] Nature 452, 332 (2008)

- $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi) = 0$ is expected, but not.
 - Both decays are dominated by Tree (T) and gluonic Penguin (P) contributions.
- $K^+\pi^0$ mode has additional contributions.
 - Color-suppressed Tree (C)
 - Electroweak Penguin (P_{EW})
 - Both expected to be small in SM.
- Unexpected enhancements in C and/or P_{EW} ? New physics?
 - Important to look at A_{CP} in B^+ decays with similar decay topology.
 - $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 (-\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) K^+$



Dalitz plot analysis of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^+$ (1)

arXiv:0803.4451 [hep-ex] (to be published in PRD)

383.2M BB (347.5 /fb)

■ Isobar model fit

- Incorporating $m^2(K^+\pi^-)$, $m^2(\pi^+\pi^-)$, m_{ES} , $\Delta E/\sigma_{\Delta E}$, q_B (B-meson charge)
- LASS parameterization for $K\pi$ S-wave $(K\pi)_0^{*0}$
 - Nucl. Phys. B296, 493 (1988)

■ Evidence for large $A_{CP}(\rho^0 K^+)$

- $A_{CP} = +0.44 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04 +0.05/-0.13$ (model)
- 3.7σ statistically ($>3\sigma$ incl. sys.)
- Sizable as expected in SM, unlike $A_{CP}(\pi^0 K^+)$

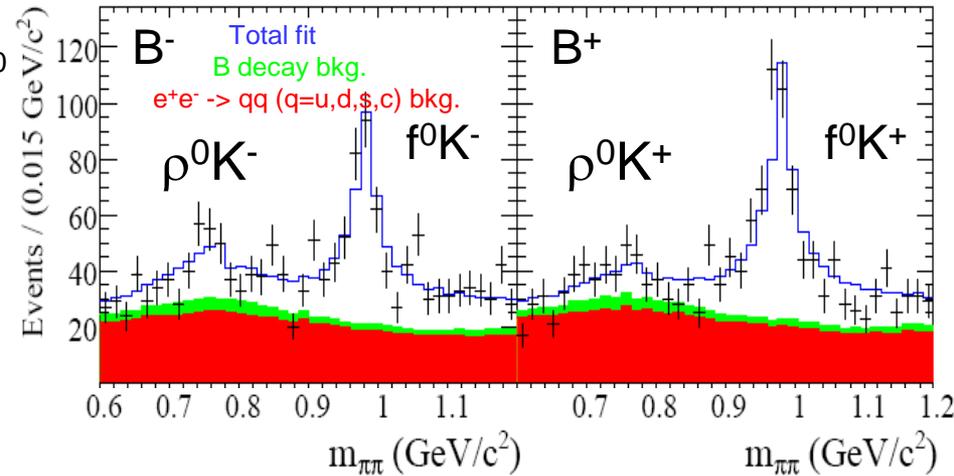
■ $A_{CP} \sim 0$ in other modes and in total.

- $A_{CP}(f_0(1270)K^+)$ is at 3.5σ , but has large model uncertainties.
- No A_{CP} in the penguin-dominant modes of $K^{*0}(892)\pi^+$, $(K\pi)_0^{*0}\pi^+$, $K_2^{*0}(1430)\pi^+$
 - Consistent with SM

■ Measured BF's are consistent with the previous measurements generally.

$BF(K^+\pi^-\pi^+) = (54.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 4.5 \pm 0.7 \text{ (model)}) \times 10^{-6}$

- Compatible with the Belle measurement: $(48.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 3.6) \times 10^{-6}$ [PRL 96, 251803 (2006)]



Mode	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \text{Mode})(10^{-6})$	A_{CP} (%)	DCPV Sig.
$K^+\pi^-\pi^+$ Total	$54.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 4.5 \pm 0.7$	$2.8 \pm 2.0 \pm 2.0 \pm 1.2$	
$K^{*0}(892)\pi^+$; $K^{*0}(892) \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	$7.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.7^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$+3.2 \pm 5.2 \pm 1.1^{+1.2}_{-0.7}$	0.9σ
$(K\pi)_0^{*0}\pi^+$; $(K\pi)_0^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	$24.5 \pm 0.9 \pm 2.1^{+7.0}_{-1.1}$	$+3.2 \pm 3.5 \pm 2.0^{+2.7}_{-1.9}$	1.2σ
$\rho^0(770)K^+$; $\rho^0(770) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$3.56 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.43^{+0.38}_{-0.15}$	$+44 \pm 10 \pm 4^{+5}_{-13}$	3.7σ
$f_0(980)K^+$; $f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$10.3 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.3^{+1.5}_{-0.4}$	$-10.6 \pm 5.0 \pm 1.1^{+3.4}_{-1.0}$	1.8σ
$\chi_{c0}K^+$; $\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$0.70 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.10^{+0.06}_{-0.02}$	$-14 \pm 15 \pm 3^{+1}_{-5}$	0.5σ
$K^+\pi^-\pi^+$ nonresonant	$2.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.3^{+0.3}_{-0.8}$	—	—
$K_2^{*0}(1430)\pi^+$; $K_2^{*0}(1430) \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	$1.85 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.28^{+0.54}_{-0.08}$	$+5 \pm 23 \pm 4^{+18}_{-7}$	0.2σ
$\omega(782)K^+$; $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$0.09 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.04}$	—	—
$f_2(1270)K^+$; $f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$0.50 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.07^{+0.13}_{-0.09}$	$-85 \pm 22 \pm 13^{+22}_{-2}$	3.5σ
$f_X(1300)K^+$; $f_X(1300) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$0.73 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.47^{+0.02}_{-0.08}$	$+28 \pm 26 \pm 13^{+7}_{-5}$	0.6σ

Dalitz plot analysis of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$ (2)

■ $K\pi$ and $\pi\pi$ dynamics

□ Good fits require

- $K_2^{*0}(1430)\pi^+$, $f_2(1270)K^+$, $f_\chi(1300)K^+$

□ $f_\chi(1300)$ seems consistent with $f_0(1500)$

- $m = (1479 \pm 8) \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $\Gamma = (80 \pm 19) \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Consistent with Belle measurements

- $m = (1449 \pm 13) \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $\Gamma = (126 \pm 25) \text{ MeV}/c^2$

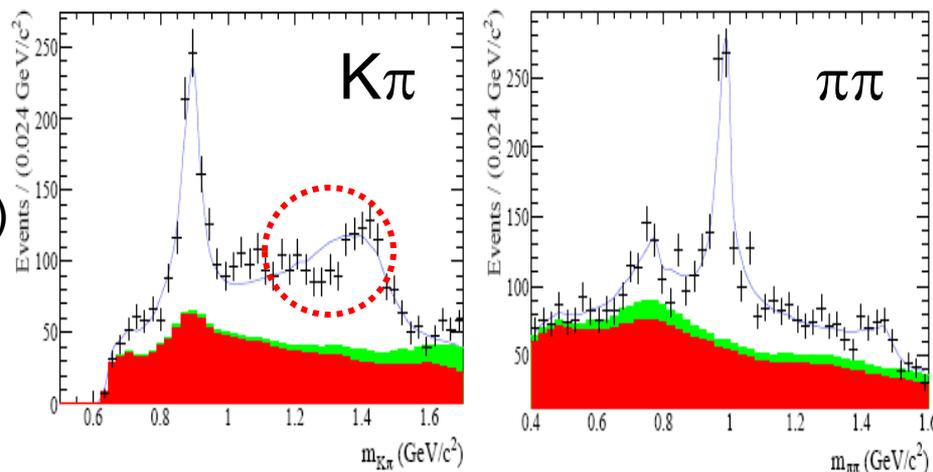
Their implication is $f_0(1370)$

□ A better model in $m(K\pi)=1.2-1.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$?

- Fit model includes $(K\pi)_0^{*0}$ and $K_2^{*0}(1430)$
- No better alternative models were found.

□ Model for $K\pi$ S-wave is different between BaBar and Belle.

- BqBar: effective range + constant NR.
- Belle: NR with variation in magnitude.
- Measured BF's are generally consistent.



Mode	Fit Fraction (%)
$K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$ Total	
$K^{*0}(892)\pi^+$; $K^{*0}(892) \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$13.3 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.7^{+0.4}_{-0.9}$
$(K\pi)_0^{*0}\pi^+$; $(K\pi)_0^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$45.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.2^{+12.9}_{-0.2}$
$\rho^0(770)K^+$; $\rho^0(770) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$6.54 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.58^{+0.69}_{-0.26}$
$f_0(980)K^+$; $f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$18.9 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.7^{+2.8}_{-0.6}$
$\chi_{c0}K^+$; $\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$1.29 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.15^{+0.12}_{-0.03}$
$K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$ nonresonant	$4.5 \pm 0.9 \pm 2.4^{+0.6}_{-1.5}$
$K_2^{*0}(1430)\pi^+$; $K_2^{*0}(1430) \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$3.40 \pm 0.75 \pm 0.42^{+0.99}_{-0.13}$
$\omega(782)K^+$; $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$0.17 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.03^{+0.05}_{-0.08}$
$f_2(1270)K^+$; $f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$0.91 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.11^{+0.24}_{-0.17}$
$f_\chi(1300)K^+$; $f_\chi(1300) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$1.33 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.86^{+0.04}_{-0.14}$

Constraint on $\gamma/(\rho, \eta)$ from Dalitz plot analysis of $B \rightarrow K\pi\pi$

- Dalitz plot analysis can provide amplitude information.
- Magnitudes and relative phases of $B \rightarrow K^*\pi + \text{c.c.}$ are of particular interest.
 - To constrain the CKM parameters (ρ, η) (or γ if neglecting P_{EW})
 - Ciuchini, Pierini, Silvestrini (CPS method):
PRD 74, 051301(R) (2006)
 - Gronau, Pirjol, Soni, Zupan (GPSZ method):
PRD 75, 014002 (2007)
 - $K^{*0}(892)\pi^+$ and $K_0^{*0}(1430)\pi^+$ from $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^+$
 - Much more information from $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0, K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$

Dalitz plot analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ (1)

- Some numbers are updated in May 2008.

- Corrected and improved errors on phases.
- Minute corrections on $(K\pi)^{0*}$ BFs.

- Fits found 4 minima of $-\log(\text{LH})$.

- Substantial difference in phases, but not so in the other parameters.

- Results are averaged over the solutions.

- First observation of $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}(892)\pi^0$

- BF = $(3.6 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$ (5.6σ incl. sys.)

- Total $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ BF and A_{CP}

- BF = $(35.7 \pm 2.6 / -1.5 \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-6}$

- $A_{CP} = -0.030 \pm 0.045 / -0.051 \pm 0.055$

- No significant charge asymmetries.

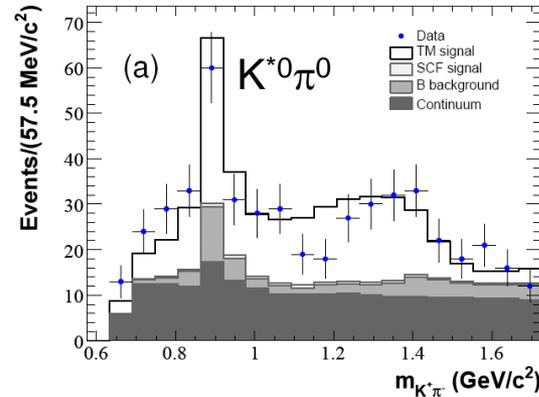
- Neither in decay rates nor in interferences.

- Sizable $K\pi$ S-P interference can be seen.

Assuming
BF($K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$) = 2/3

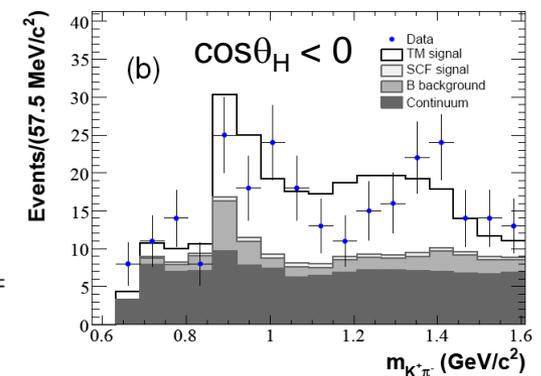
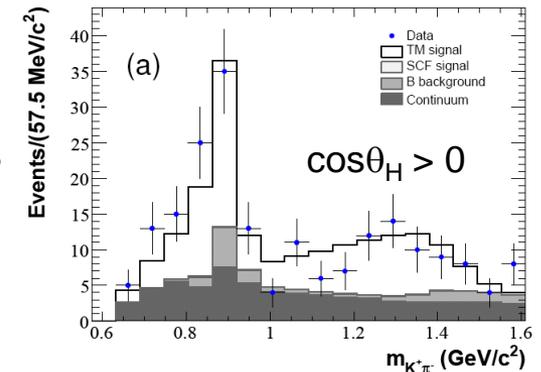
Including
sub-decay BFs

isobar j	FF_j (%)	B_j (10^{-6})	A_{CP}^2
$K^{*+}(892)\pi^-$	$11.8^{+2.5}_{-1.5} \pm 0.6$	$4.2^{+0.9}_{-0.5} \pm 0.3$	$-0.19^{+0.20}_{-0.15} \pm 0.04$
$K^{*0}(892)\pi^0$	$6.7^{+1.3}_{-1.5} \pm 0.7$	$2.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	$-0.09^{+0.21}_{-0.24} \pm 0.09$
$(K\pi)_0^{*+}\pi^-$	$26.3^{+3.1}_{-3.8} \pm 2.1 \pm 4.9$	$9.4^{+1.1}_{-1.3} \pm 1.4 \pm 1.8$	$+0.17^{+0.11}_{-0.16} \pm 0.20$
$(K\pi)_0^{*0}\pi^0$	$24.3^{+3.0}_{-2.6} \pm 3.7 \pm 6.7$	$8.7^{+1.1}_{-0.9} \pm 1.1 \pm 2.2$	$-0.22 \pm 0.12^{+0.13}_{-0.11} \pm 0.27$
$\rho^-(770)K^+$	$22.5^{+2.2}_{-3.7} \pm 1.2$	$8.0^{+0.8}_{-1.3} \pm 0.6$	$+0.11^{+0.14}_{-0.15} \pm 0.07$
N.R.	$12.4 \pm 2.6^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$	$4.4 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.5$	$+0.23^{+0.19}_{-0.27} \pm 0.11$
Total	$102.3^{+7.1}_{-4.0} \pm 4.1$	$35.7^{+2.6}_{-1.5} \pm 2.2$	$-0.030^{+0.045}_{-0.051} \pm 0.055$



arXiv:0711.4417v2 [hep-ex]
(submitted to PRD)

BaBar Preliminary
231.8M BB (210.6 /fb)



Dalitz plot analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ (2)

- Magnitudes and relative phases of $K^*\pi$ modes
 - Can be used to constrain (ρ, η) .
- GPSZ method using the measurements in
 - $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0$
 - $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$
 - A time-dependent Dalitz plot analysis
arXiv:0708.2097 [hep-ex]
 - $\eta = \tan\Phi_{3/2}(\rho - 0.24 \pm 0.03)$
- Updated $K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ results sharpened the 1σ range.
 - $20 < \Phi_{3/2} < 115$ deg. (previous)
 - $39 < \Phi_{3/2} < 112$ deg. (updated)

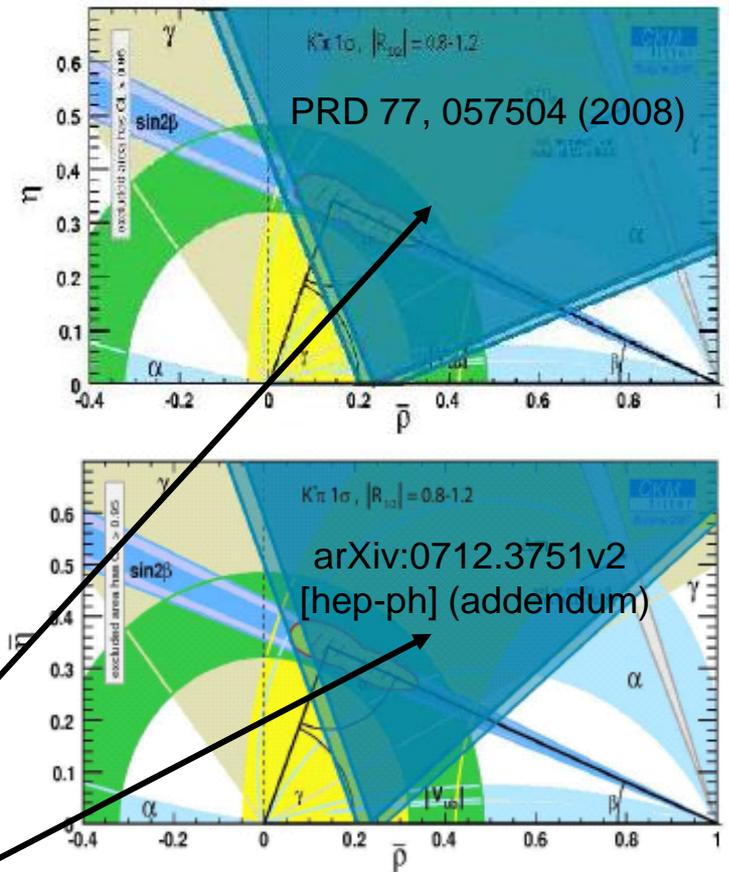


FIG. 2: Constraint in the $\bar{\rho} - \bar{\eta}$ plane following from Eqs. (1) and (3). The dark shaded region marked $K^*\pi 1\sigma$ corresponds to the experimental error on $\Phi_{3/2}$ given by the 1σ range (3), while the light shaded region includes also the error ± 0.03 in (1). Also shown are CKMfitter constraints obtained using $|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|, \beta, \alpha, \gamma$ and Δm_d [8].

Puzzles in charmless hadronic B decays

- $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle
- ΔS puzzle

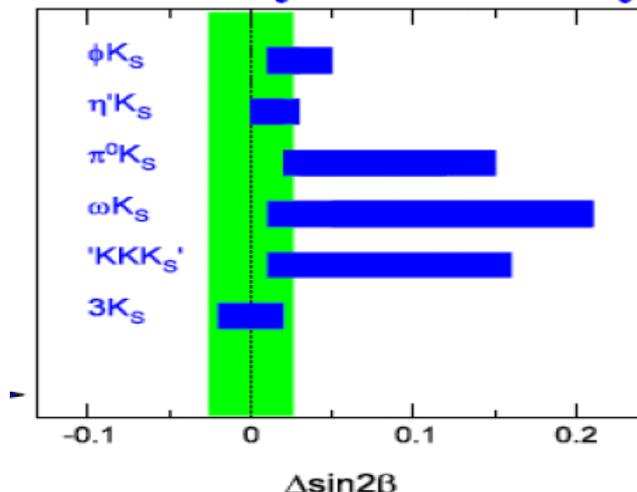
ΔS puzzle

$$\Delta S \equiv S(b \rightarrow q\bar{q}s) - S(b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s)$$

$$= \sin 2\beta^{\text{eff}} - \sin 2\beta \geq 0$$

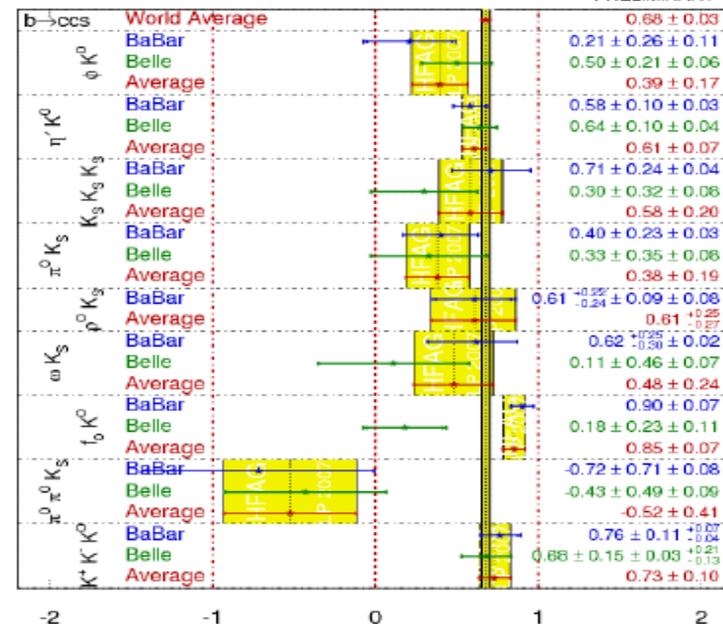
- $\Delta S \sim 0$ is expected in SM to a good approximation.
 - Theories indicate $\Delta S \geq 0$.
 - Measurements indicate $\Delta S \leq 0$.
- ΔS puzzle is coupled to $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle
 - No satisfactory models to solve both the puzzles at the same time.
 - New physics?
- ΔS is getting closer to zero in measurements over the past years.
 - Stay tuned for updates..

“s-penguin”
theory uncertainty



$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFAG
LP 2007
PRELIMINARY



Puzzles in charmless hadronic B decays

- $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle
- ΔS puzzle
- Polarization puzzle
 - Longitudinal polarization
 - Dominant in charmless B \rightarrow VV decays within SM.
 - Confirmed in tree-level b \rightarrow u transition.
 - Transverse polarization
 - Seen large contributions in b \rightarrow s, d Penguin transitions.
 - New physics?
 - See Gao's talk for the discussion.

Puzzles in charmless hadronic B decays

- $\Delta A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle
- ΔS puzzle
- Polarization puzzle
- Any other puzzles?
 - Need to test the theoretical understanding precisely and systematically.
 - Need to measure precisely and as many modes as possible.
 - Recent contributions from BaBar
 - B \rightarrow PP with $\eta^{(\prime)}$
 - B \rightarrow PV with isoscalar mesons
 - B \rightarrow AP with b_1

Updates on searches for $B^0 \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)}\pi^0, \eta^{(\prime)}\eta, \eta'\eta', \eta K^0$

■ Using the following sub-decays

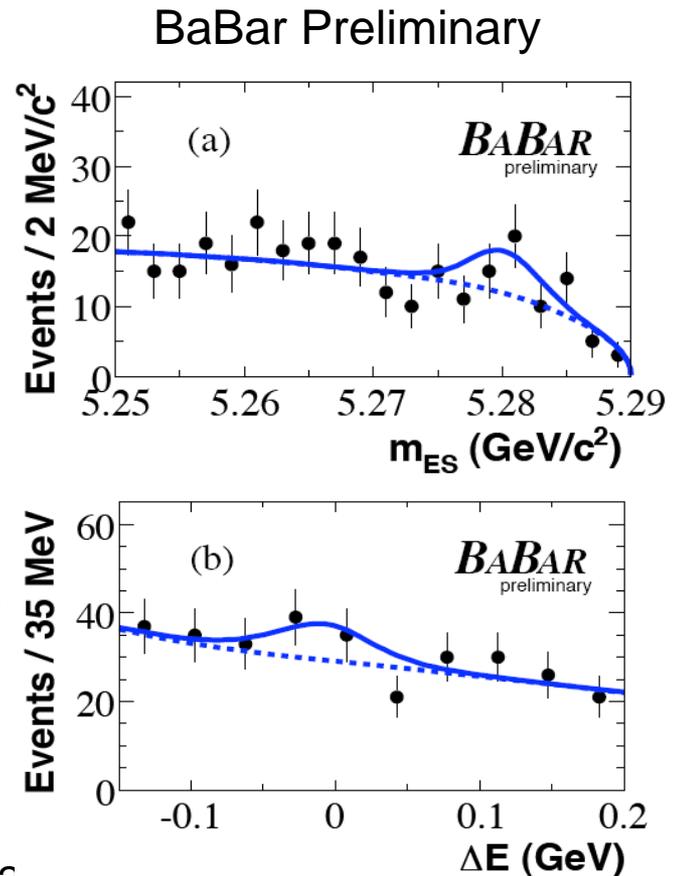
- $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (“ $\eta_{\gamma\gamma}$ ”), $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$; $\eta' \rightarrow \eta_{\gamma\gamma}\pi^+\pi^-, \rho^0\gamma$
- $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$; K_S^0 for K^0

■ No clear signals are seen yet.

- 3.1σ significance for $\eta'\pi^0$
- UL(ηK^0) is tightened.
 - Previous: $BF = (1.8 +0.7/-0.6 \pm 0.1 < 2.9) \times 10^{-6}$
PRD 74, 051106 (2006): 324 M BB (288.5 /fb)
 - Remains puzzling patterns on $BF(\eta K)$.

Mode	S [σ]	B [10^{-6}] (UL @90% CL)
$\eta\pi^0$	2.2	$0.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.5)
$\eta'\pi^0$	3.1	$0.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.5)
$\eta'\eta$	1.4	$0.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.2)
$\eta\eta$	2.4	$0.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.4)
$\eta'\eta'$	1.3	$0.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.1$ (< 2.1)
ηK^0	2.6	$0.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.6)

arXiv:0804.2422
 (submitted to PRD)
 459 M BB (418 /fb)
 New
 465 M BB (423.5 /fb)



$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K^0$

BF($\eta^{(\prime)}$ K) puzzle?

- Expected $BF(\eta K) \sim BF(\eta' K)$,
but $BF(\eta K) \ll BF(\eta' K)$.

- First reported by CLEO.

- PRL 81, 1786 (1998)

- Can be explained by the $gss-gqq$ interference due to the $\eta-\eta'$ mixing.

- Lipkin, PLB 254, 247 (1991)
 - Destructive (constructive) for ηK ($\eta' K$)

- Violation of a BF sum rule remains?

- Lipkin, PLB 633, 540 (2006)
 - $BF(\eta' K^+) + BF(\eta K^+) \leq BF(\pi^0 K^+) + BF(\pi^+ K^0)$
 - HFAG

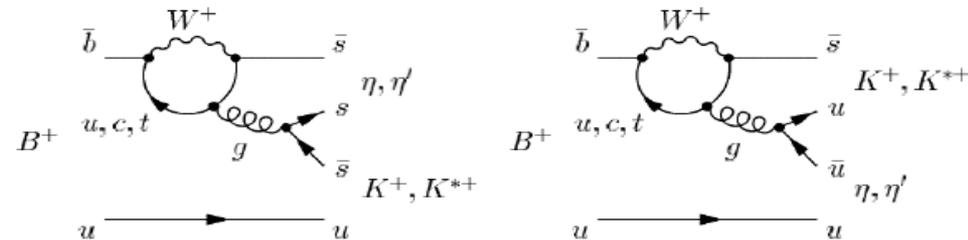
$$(70.2 \pm 2.5) + (2.7 \pm 0.3) \gg (12.9 \pm 0.6) + (23.1 \pm 1.0)$$

- Can be explained by the additional gluonic charming penguin.

- Williamson, Zupan, PRD 74 014003 (2006)

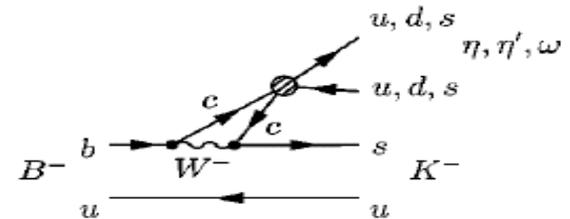
- Further improvements would be expected.

Mode	BaBar	Belle	HFAG
ηK^0	< 1.6	< 1.9	< 1.9
ηK^+	$3.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$	$1.9 \pm 0.3 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.2 \\ - 0.1 \end{smallmatrix}$	2.7 ± 0.3
$\eta' K^0$	$66.6 \pm 2.6 \pm 2.8$	$58.9 \begin{smallmatrix} + 9.6 \\ - 3.5 \end{smallmatrix} \pm 4.3$	64.9 ± 3.1
$\eta' K^+$	$70.0 \pm 1.5 \pm 2.8$	$69.2 \pm 2.2 \pm 3.7$	70.2 ± 2.5



$$\eta' \cong \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\eta_q + \eta_s)$$

$$\eta \cong \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\eta_q - \eta_s)$$



“Charming penguin”

Updates on searches for

$B \rightarrow \eta \rho^+, \pi^0 \omega, \eta^{(\prime)} \omega, \eta^{(\prime)} \phi$

- 9σ observation of $B^+ \rightarrow \eta \rho^+$

- $BF = (9.9 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-6}$

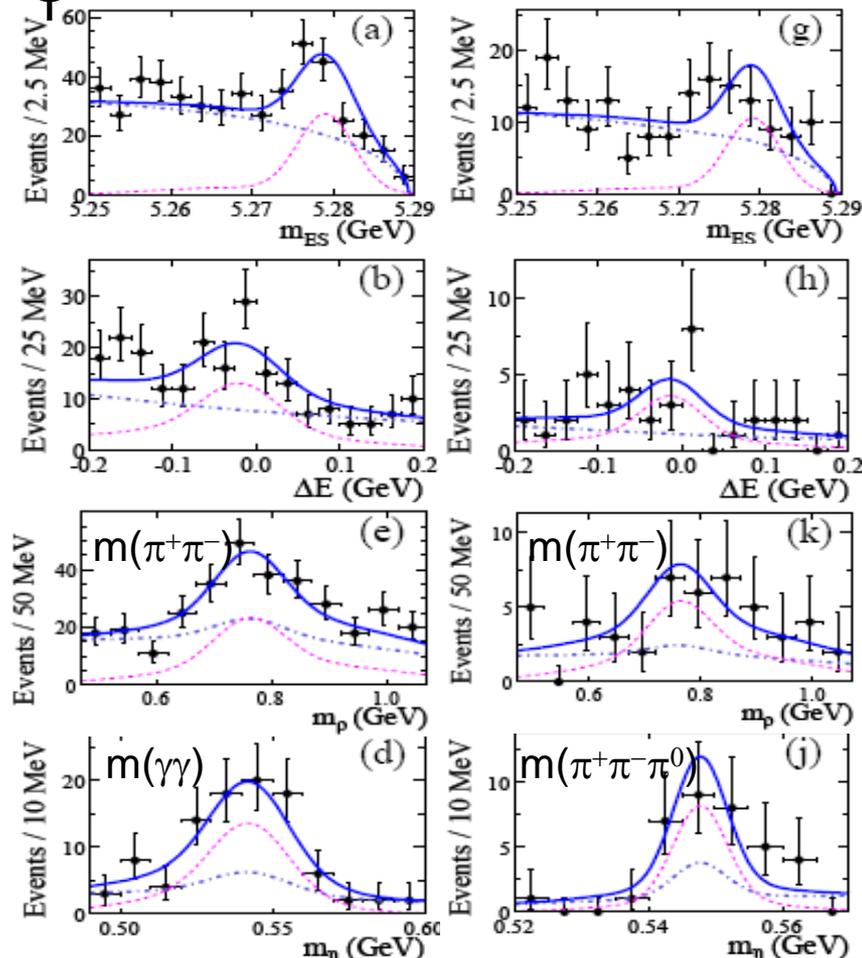
- $A_{CP} = 0.13 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.02$

- 3σ level evidences for

- $B^0 \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)} \omega$

- No clear signals for $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \omega$ and $\eta^{(\prime)} \phi$

BaBar Preliminary



$\eta(->\gamma\gamma)\rho^+$

$\eta(->3\pi)\rho^+$

[1]

[2]

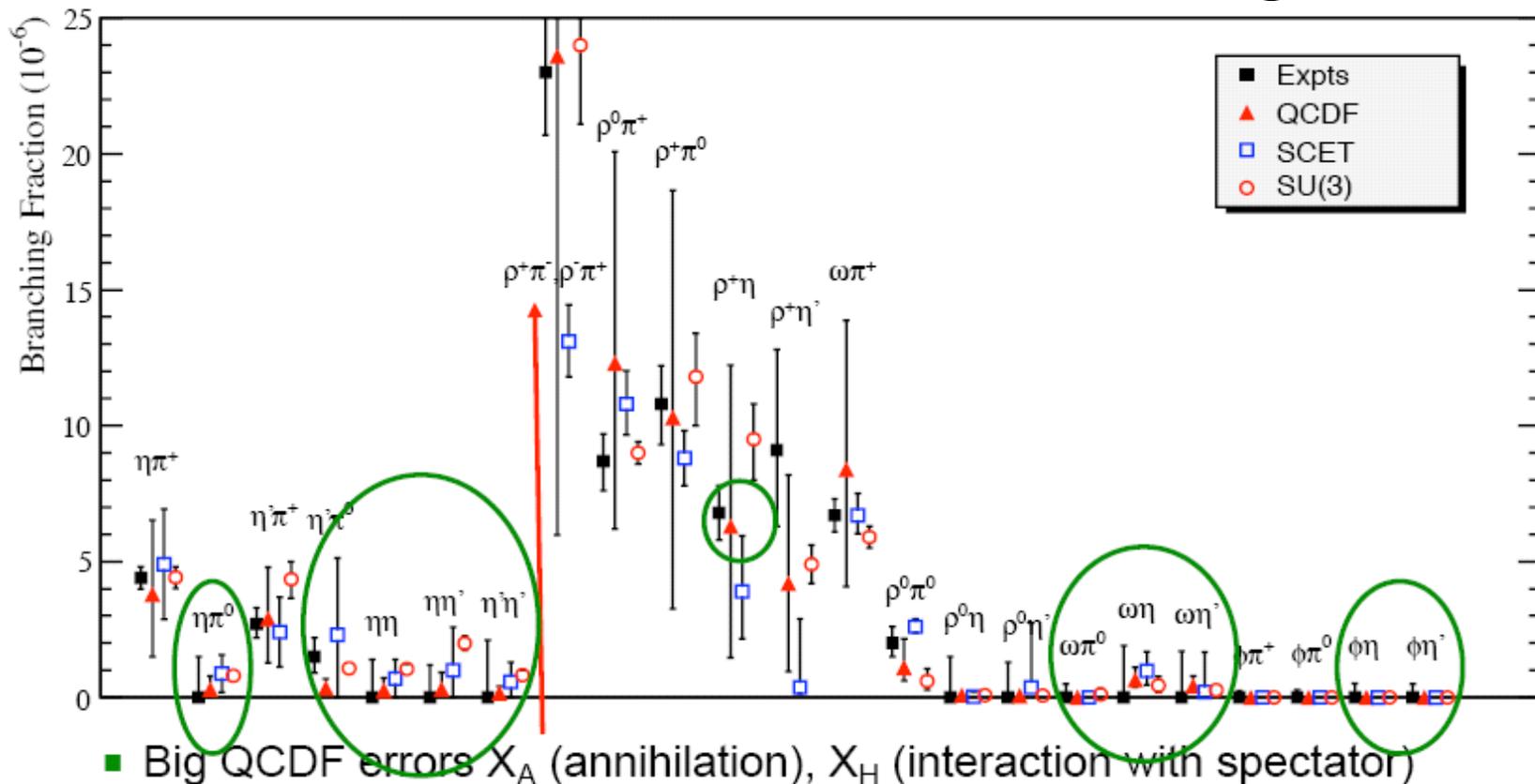
Mode	S [σ]	B [10^{-6}] (UL @90% CL)
$\eta \rho^+$	9.0	$9.9 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.8$
$\pi^0 \omega$	0.3	$0.07 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.02$ (< 0.5)
$\eta \omega$	3.5	$1.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.6)
$\eta' \omega$	3.1	$1.0 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.7)
$\eta \phi$	1.7	$0.22 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.01$ (< 0.52)
$\eta' \phi$	1.3	$0.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (< 1.2)

[1] arXiv:0804.2422
(submitted to PRD)
459 M BB (418 /fb)

[2] New
465 M BB (423.5 /fb)

B \rightarrow PP and PV with isoscalar mesons: measurements vs. predictions

W. T. Ford @ FPCP08



- Big QCDF errors X_A (annihilation), X_H (interaction with spectator)
 - SCET error smaller, disagrees with experiment.
- Many modes not yet seen (but consistent with theoretical estimates)

B \rightarrow PP and PV with isoscalar mesons: constraints on ΔS

- Measured BFs can be used as inputs to constrain ΔS .
 - Giving the information on “Tree”-pollution.
 - $\eta^{(\prime)}\pi^0$, $\eta^{(\prime)}\eta$ and $\eta^{\prime}\eta^{\prime}$ for $\Delta S(\eta^{\prime}K^0)$
 - Grossman, Ligeti, Nir, Quinn (GLNQ): PRD 68, 015004 (2003)
 - Gronau, Rosner, Zupan (GRZ): PLB 596, 107 (2004)
 - $\omega\pi^0$, $\eta^{(\prime)}\omega$ and $\eta^{(\prime)}\phi$ for $\Delta S(\phi K^0)$
 - GLNQ method
- Interesting to see further updates.

Based on previous measurements
GRZ: PRD 74, 093003 (2006)

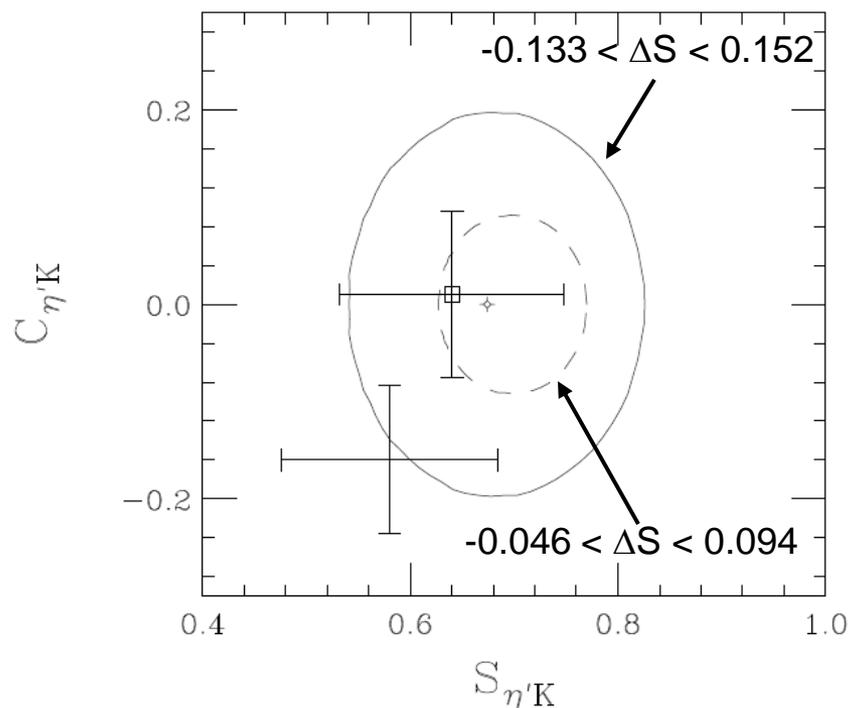


Figure 1: Regions in the $(S_{\eta'K}, C_{\eta'K})$ plane satisfying limits on the ratio $|A'_C/A'_P|$ and bounds (13) (region enclosed by the solid curve) or (14) (region enclosed by the dashed curve). The small plotted point denotes $(S_{\eta'K}, C_{\eta'K}) = (\sin 2\beta, 0)$. The points with experimental errors denote values from BaBar [9] (plain point) and Belle [11] (small square).

New searches for $B \rightarrow b_1 K^0$ and $b_1 \pi^0$

Reconstructing $b_1 \rightarrow \omega(-\rightarrow 3\pi)\pi$

□ In PDG, listed parameters are

■ $m = 1229.5 \pm 3.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

■ $\Gamma = 142 \pm 9 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

□ In the fits, b_1 and ω masses are allowed to vary.

□ $\text{BF}(b_1 \rightarrow \omega\pi) = 1$ is assumed for BF calculations.

6.3 σ observation of $B^+ \rightarrow b_1^+ K^0$

□ $\text{BF} = (9.6 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6}$

□ $A_{\text{CP}} = -0.03 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.02$

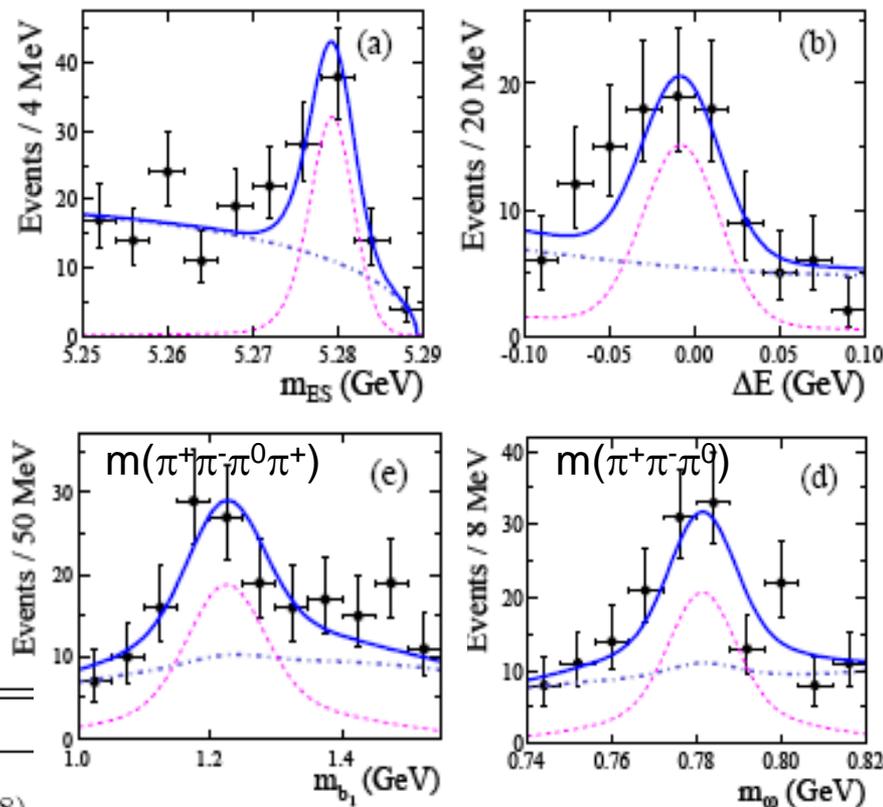
3.4 σ evidence for $B^0 \rightarrow b_1^0 K^0$

No evidence for the π^0 modes.

arXiv:0805.1217 [hep-ex] (submitted to PRD)

465M BB (424 /fb)

BaBar Preliminary

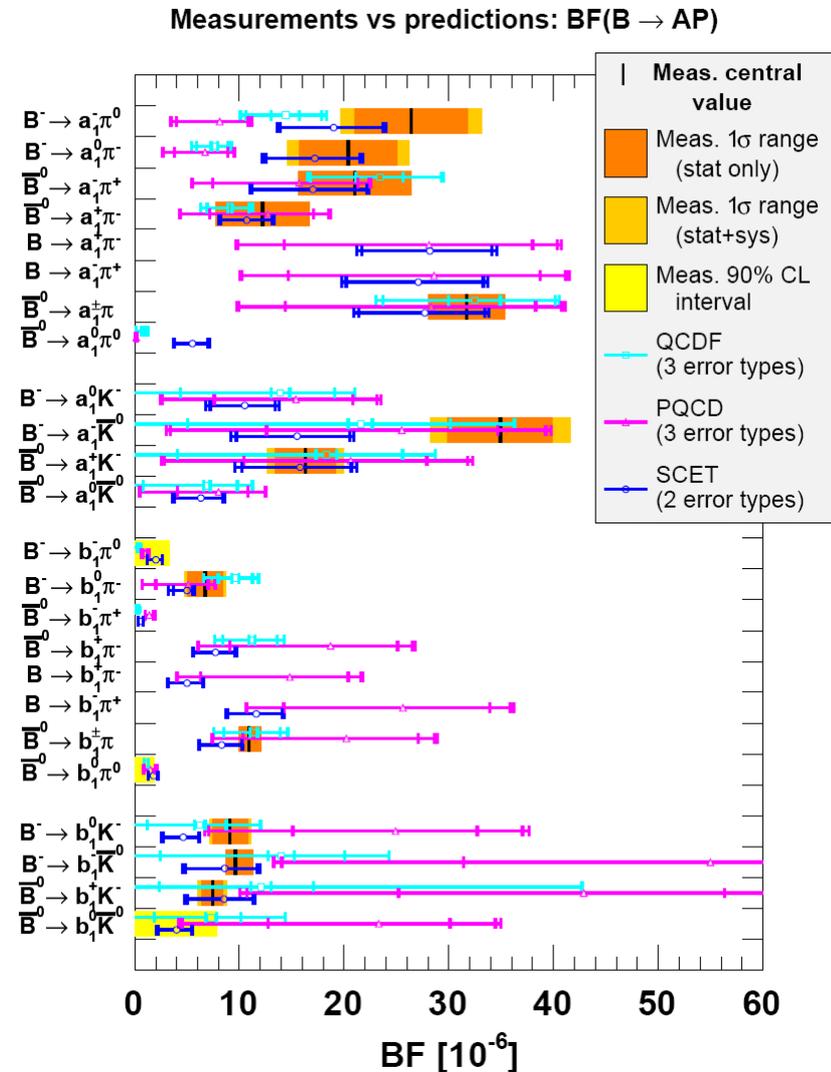
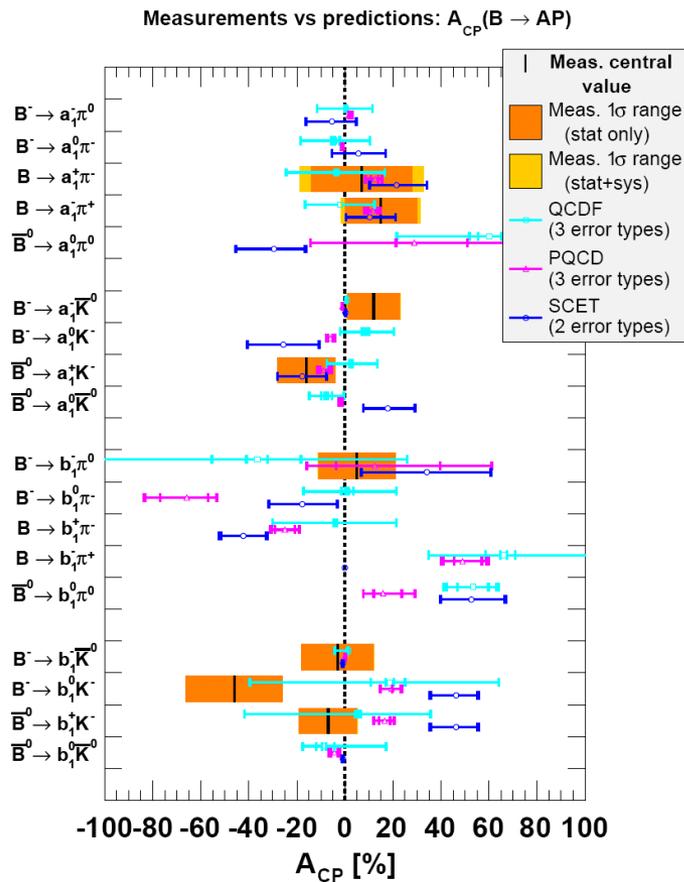


$B^+ \rightarrow b_1^+ K^0$

Mode	N (ev.)	Y_S (ev.)	Bias (ev.)	ϵ (%)	S (σ)	\mathcal{B} (10^{-6})
$b_1^+ K^0$	9841	164^{+27}_{-25}	15 ± 7	3.4	6.3	$9.6 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.9$
$b_1^0 K^0$	5420	58^{+19}_{-17}	5 ± 3	2.2	3.4	$5.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.5$ (< 7.8)
$b_1^+ \pi^0$	28787	71^{+35}_{-32}	8 ± 4	7.7	1.6	$1.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$ (< 3.3)
$b_1^0 \pi^0$	10554	6^{+19}_{-16}	-2 ± 2	4.8	0.5	$0.4 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.2$ (< 1.9)

B -> AP: measurements vs. predictions

- Wang, Li, Lu, arXiv:0806.2510 [hep-ph]
- Several discrepancies can be seen.



B -> AP: measurements vs. predictions

- Wang, Li, Lu, arXiv:0806.2510 [hep-ph]
 - Several discrepancies can be seen.
 - Particularly interesting measures are

$$R_1 = \text{BF}(B^- \rightarrow a_1^- \bar{K}^0) / \text{BF}(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow a_1^+ K^-) \times \tau_0 / \tau_+$$

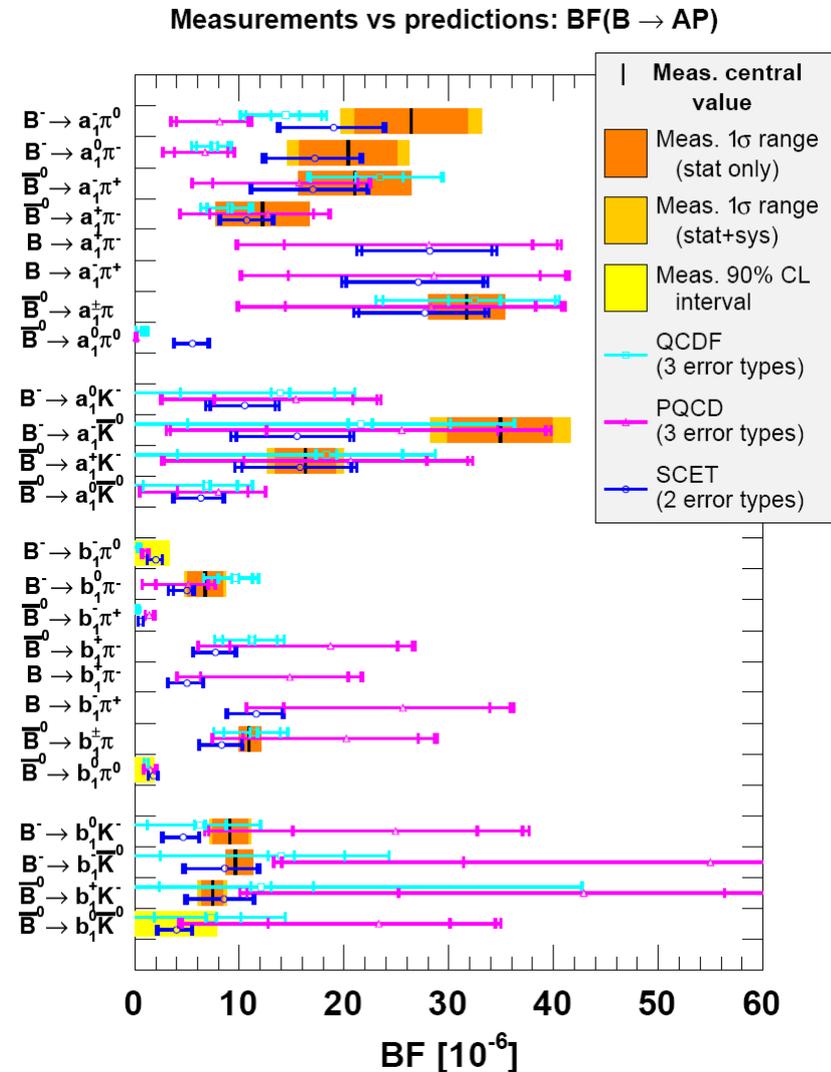
$$= 1.00 \text{ (QCDF)}, 1.16 \text{ (PQCD)}, 0.91 \text{ (SCET)}$$

$$= 2.00 \pm 0.59 \text{ (Meas.)}$$

$$R_2 = \text{BF}(B^- \rightarrow b_1^0 K^-) / \text{BF}(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow b_1^+ K^-) \times \tau_0 / \tau_+$$

$$= 0.50 \text{ (QCDF)}, 0.54 \text{ (PQCD)}, 0.50 \text{ (SCET)}$$

$$= 1.15 \pm 0.34 \text{ (Meas.)}$$
- Very interesting to see improved or new measurements.



Summary

- Dalitz plot analyses of $B \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^+$ and $K^+\pi^-\pi^0$ are updated.
 - Evidence of $A_{CP}(\rho^0K^+)$
 - Observation of $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}(892)\pi^0$
 - Amplitudes of $K^*\pi$ and the constraint on CKM parameters.
- Quite a few updates on $B \rightarrow PP$ and PV with isoscalar mesons and new measurements on $B \rightarrow b_1\pi^0$ and b_1K^0 .
 - Observations of $B^+ \rightarrow \eta\rho^+$ and $b_1^+K^0$
 - 3σ level evidences for $B^0 \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)}\omega$, $\eta^{(\prime)}\pi^0$ and $b_1^0K^0$
 - Improved measurements would help to resolve puzzles
- Charmless hadronic B decays provide rich field to test SM and to probe NP.